BY J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. VI. RALEIGH, THURSDAY, AUG. 17, 1865 NO. 284

THE NEWS.

— Hon. Charles E. Mix, chief clerk of the Indian Bureau, has been appointed secretary of the commission which starts for Fort Smith on the 18th inst., for the purpose of entering into negotiations with the late rebellious Indians.

— The manager of the Boston Theatre is to pay Anna Cora Mowatt Ritchie $35,000 for an eight months' engagement.

— The coat of Col. Ulrich Dahlgren has been found in possession of Charles Davis, of Mathews county, Va. It had five bullet holes in it.

— The Secretary of War has ordered, in the case of George W. Painter, a citizen, tried by military commission on the charge of murdering a Federal soldier, and sentenced to be hung, that the proceedings are illegal and void; and the prisoner will be turned over, by the proper officer, to the civil authorities for trial.

— John W. Forney and John Covode are mentioned as successors to Secretary Harlan, of the Interior Department.

— Capt. Fitzhugh and Maj. Shearer, ex-Confederates, have been driven out of Hagerstown, Md., by "returned Union soldiers."

— A negro woman, with a fortune of $500,000, advertises in the Paris papers for a husband.

— Admiral Porter has been appointed Chief (*ad interim*) of the Bureau of Navigation of the Navy Department.

— The Colored Men's State Convention of Tennessee is still in session at Nashville. On Thursday, Governor Brownlow was invited to address them, but declined the invitation.

— Henry B. Jenkins, paying teller of the Phœnix Bank, New York, has been arrested upon the charge of embezzling $240,000 of the funds of the institution. He confessed his guilt.

— Report says that Col. J. W. Forney's income from the Washington *Chronicle* and Philadelphia *Press* is over $50,000 a year.

— The town of Lincoln, in New Hampshire, has not furnished a soldier in the late war, nor raised a cent in the prosecution of it.

— A Northern paper calls ex Secretary Benjamin "a wandering, pondering, squandering Jew."

— Gen. Edward Johnston, of the late Confederate service, has arrived at Richmond.

— Brig. Gen. Mercer, of the late rebel army, has been sent to Fort Pulaski.

—The *Great Eastern*, with the Atlantic cable on board, has a freight of full 25,000 tons, equal to the tonnage of the entire fleet with which Nelson won the great victory of Trafalgar.

—The notorious guerrilla leader, Captain Fort, came into the town of Holly Springs, Mississippi, a few days ago, and, riding to a livery stable, ordered his horse fed, and began swaggering around in the most disagreeable manner. Mr. Tom Cohen, an old citizen, who had resided there for years, made some remark to Fort, which very much incensed the monster. Several words were passed between them, when Mr. Coben is represented to have turned to walk away. Just at this juncture Fort drew his pistol and fired three shots, Mr. Cohen expiring a few hours afterwards.—After committing the murder, Fort jumped on his horse and escaped, and, at last accounts, was at large.

—Advices from East Tennessee represent that Emerson Etheredge did not get a single vote for Congressmen in his district, except from men who still support the doctrine of secession and its rightfulness.

—The gold coinage at the United States Mint, Philadelphia, for the month of July, was $108,683 68, nearly all of which was in double-eagles, and the silver coinage for the same time was $10,241 71—the round thousands of the amount being in half dollars, the rest in bars. The copper coinage was divided as follows: 12,958,000 cents, 505,000 two cent pieces, of the aggregate value of $72,380. The total number of pieces of all kinds coined at the mint during the month is 4,401,111, of the total value of $191,-255,34.

—General Hoffman, Commissary General of Prisoners, is busily engaged in adjusting the accounts of paroled and released soldiers, preparatory to their final discharge. A report is in course of completion, giving the number of prisoners held by both sides during the war; the aggregate number of deaths from various causes, and other matters of great moment.

—We learn that the 30th, 37th, 47th, 52d, 54th, 57th, 70th and 80th regiments Ohio Volunteer Infantry have been ordered to Little Rock, Arkansas, for muster out of service, preparatory to being sent home for final discharge.

—Every one is asking about Heart's Content. It is a dirty little hamlet in Newfoundland, noted principally for its huge mosquitoes, untrustworthy people and beautiful bay. The hither terminus of the Atlantic cable is at Heart's Content.

—It is rumored that General Joseph E. Johnston is willing to accept the position of superintendent of some railroad. For this position his high executive ability and great scientific attainments eminently fit him, and one of the many reconstructing roads of the South would do well to secure his services. The stockholders of our own Richmond and Danville railroad (says a Richmond paper) will soon be called upon to elect a president, at which time they could not better subserve their interest and the State's than by uniting the offices of president and superintendent, and appointing General Johnston thereto. His military status cannot be urged against his holding a place so entirely separate from politics; and his practical good sense, combined with his thorough knowledge of the improvements in the science of mechanics, will soon make the road the best in the State, as it is already the most important.

The New York correspondent of the Richmond *Bulletin* writes:

Mrs. Howell, mother of Mrs. President Davis, arrived here at the New York Hotel yesterday. Judge Hunter Marshal and a crowd of Southerners are there. The St. Nicholas is also full of ex-rebels.

Judge Swann, of Tennessee, it is said, will reside in this city. General Owen, president of the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, is at the Hoffman House. J. R. Holcombe, Maurice Moore, Jr., and a number of other Lynchburgers, are at the Astor House. Nearly all the leading railroad men of the South are in town. General (Granby) Reynolds and family are expected here daily. It is stated positively that General R. has been notified by legal advisers that he is the lineal descendant of the Earl of Warwick—is, in fact, the Earl of Warwick, and the last of the "King-makers."

—A Paris letter says: "Abd-el-Kader is the lion of the day. But it must be said that during this scorching weather (thirty-four deg. Chevalier in the shade) there are no few lions here that he shines at small expense. The Emir is accompanied by two of his wives. They are both Circassians, and neither more than fourteen years old. One is a blonde and the other a brunette. They are said to be handsome, and to have cost sixteen thousand francs. These ladies peep over the garden wall running along the Champs Elysees of the house in the Rue Lord Byron, assigned to Abd-el-Kader for his residence. But as they are always closely veiled, the wonderment that must be depicted on their faces at the spectacle before them cannot be seen. Four other wives and more than thirty children remain at Damascus, where one hundred thousand francs a year, allowed by the French Government, support this very large family. The French newspapers, forgetting that Abd-el-Kader's wives are ignorant of French and never read journals, cite for their benefit an article of the code, which declares that a slave the moment he touches French ground is free, and therefore the two fair Circassians, were they so minded, could quit the Emir and be at liberty to walk about Paris.

STATE ITEMS.

A MOST SHAMEFUL OUTRAGE.—A most brutal and shameful outrage has been communicated to the military authorities at Wilmington as having occurred on Wednesday night last week between that city and North East station on the Weldon railroad.—Some six negroes, clad in uniforms and armed with muskets with bayonets, visited two or three houses, took all the money they could find and beat and abused the occupants in a cruel and shameful manner, piercing them quite severely with the bayonets at different times, and threatening frequently to kill them outright. Only two names of the three men beaten could be remembered—Mr. Williams and Mr. Collins. One lady was treated in a similar manner. One of the rascals have since been recognized, and is now held under arrest at North East bridge by the military force there. Williams and Collins live, it is said, about six or eight miles from the city, where the affair occurred. It is sincerely hoped that some clue may be given by which the whole of the brutal scamps may be brought to justice. So the Wilmington *Herald* informs us.

LARGE CARGO SALE OF MOLASSES.—A heavy cargo of molasses, consigned to Mr. Edward Jones, arrived at Newbern, direct from Cuba, a portion of which which was sold at auction Saturday by W. L. Poalk, auctioneer, by the bbl. and hhd. at 42 a 60 cents per gallon. The balance is in store for sale by Mr. Poalk, Pollock street, who is one of our advertisers.

An ex-slave named Denison, who had been employed at Taylor's Hotel, Jersey city, died at the Almshouse, on Snake Hill a few days since. At the request of the dying man a lunatic, named Nelson wrote the following will:

August 3, 1865.—I, Aaron Denison, of Hudson county, Almshouse, State of New Jersey, am a native born of Newbern, Craven county, [illegible] of North Carolina, where I had lived as a slave until the spring of 1860, from whence I came to these parts, do make and declare this to be my last will and testament:—I leave to Mr. Nelson Rollins, who has been attending me, one coat, one pair of pantaloons, one neck tie, one vest, bosom and collars, together with three shirts, one black hat and the ring on my finger.

his
AARON ✕ DENISON.
mark.

In presence of Mr. Nelson Rollins.
This includes the trunk, with its contents.

At the meeting of the Directors of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, on the 11th inst., very little business was transacted beyond the selection of additional officers. We annex the list of persons chosen:

Secretary and Treasurer.—J. W. Thompson.
Superintendent of Transportation.—William Smith.
General Freight Agent.—G. L. Dudley.
General Ticket Agent.—W. M. Poisson.
Road Master.—John Crone.
Agent at Goldsboro'—A. J. Galloway.
Agent at Weldon.—John Campbell.
Passenger Train Conductors.—E. D. Browning, J. R. Ivey, H. D. Gilbert.
Freight Train Conductors.—W. R. Bryan, J. E. Leggett.
Conductor on Tarboro' Branch.—R. A. Watson.

The election of superintendent was postponed until the 1st of September next, applications are to be received for the position until that day.

We learn that the following members of the Guilford Grays, most of whom are residents of Greensboro', are still at Point Lookout. If addressed as below letters will reach them:

J. W. McDowell,	Co.	F.	19th	Division.
J. F. McCuiston,	"	"	"	"
W. Dennis,	"	G	"	"
W. D. Dennis,	"	E	"	"
E. B. Higgins,	"	B	"	"
H. C. Reitzes,	"	E	"	"
J. H. Causey,	"	"	"	"
W. L. Donnell,	"	"	"	"
J. R. Siler,	"	"	"	"
D. Q. Feust,	"	"	"	"
W. F. Owen,	"	"	"	"

Efforts are being made to establish a Union League at Wilmington. The preliminary meeting was held Monday last, but adjourned over to this evening.

THE CITY.

Obituary notices postponed.

Can obtain extra copies of the Programme of this date, containing a full account of the dinner given to Gen. Ames, at the Yarborough House, on Tuesday evening.

A REMINDER.—If there are any of our patrons to whom the following will apply, they can call at our counting room and relieve their consciences at once:

How happy are they
Whom the editors pay,
And have squared up for one year or more,
Tongue cannot express
The great joy of the press,
When delinquents have paid the old score.

Printers all the day long
Labor hard for a song—
A fate that is hard, all agree—
They hot-weather night and day.
And of course want their pay,
To buy sugar, and coffee, and tea.

One would hardly believe,
What small sums they receive,
For the paper addressed to each name;
But the price is so small;
That the good people all,
Will pay up for the four of the same.

ELEMENTS OF WEALTH.—Not long since, in the editorial columns of this paper, we expressed the opinion that North Carolina and other Southern States were not half so near poverty as despondent people would have the world believe. The evidence of the correctness of our conclusions have been accumulating for two months past, and now more than ever shows itself. Every train from south, west and north of Raleigh is freighted with cotton, tobacco, naval stores and other representatives of wealth. Let the people press their productions into market judiciously and all will be well.

I. O. O. F.—It may be interesting to the members of this fraternity in Raleigh to know that Isaac M. Veitch, Most Worthy Grand Sire of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of the United States has officially proclaimed that every act or declaration of any kind whatsoever, intended to impair the supreme authority of the Grand Lodge of the United States, over the whole fraternity, is null and void, and of no force or effect whatever.

NORTH CAROLINIANS IN NEW YORK.—Among the North Carolinians in Gotham, we notice the names of W. R. Myers, James Banger, Reuben Jaques and John Kennett.

A NEW VILLAGE—which we propose to christen with the name of Mixville—has sprung up on the square east of the North Carolina Railroad depot. The guard have tents on the front line and in the rear are a number of improvised frame buildings. It has very much the appearance of settlements we saw on our first trip to California in 1856.

A VALUABLE WORK.—We are under obligations to Messrs. Wm. B. Smith & Co., of the Southern Field and Fireside Publishing House, in this city, for Professor Emmons' Geological Survey of North Carolina. We have been able only to make a partial examination of the two handsome and substantially bound volumes in which it is embodied, but that has been ample to recommend the work as one of peculiar interest and high value. As expositors of the mineral and agricultural wealth of the State, we do not well see how they can be dispensed with, especially by parties who are seeking channels for new or additional investments of capital; or who are desirous of beginning manufacturing or mining enterprises. It is an authoritative, scientific display of the resources of North Carolina, and we commend it to all who feel interested in scientific investigation or have speculative penchants to gratify.

See the advertisement of the firm elsewhere.

RANDOLPH COUNTY.—We had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Blair, member of the late Legislature from Randolph, in the city yesterday. We were pleased to learn from him that quiet reigned throughout his county, and that abundant crops would be made. The corn crop of Randolph, Mr. Blair assured us, would be quite large.

TAX ON STOCK DIVIDENDS.—It is important for our readers to keep themselves posted in respect to the decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington. In giving returns of yearly incomes, it is held that *stock dividends* are to be included, and that such dividends are liable to taxation in estimating gains, profits and income.

PERSONAL.—We saw in the city yesterday, Hon. R. R. Bridges, of Edgecombe, the new President of the Weldon and Wilmington Railroad. We learn that among other things he is here for the purpose of having that improvement turned over by the government to the company. He is a gentleman of rare business habits, thoroughly practical, and will, if successful, manage the line over which he presides with consummate ability.

DRAINAGE.—We observe with much pleasure that the city authorities are repairing various worn out streets, and providing at all points admirable drainage.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—We invite attention to the new advertisements of John G. Williams & Co.—Gold and Bank notes for sale

Thomas P. Moore, No. 115, Sycamore street, Petersburg.—Hat Business.

B. P. Williamson & Co.—Piano for sale.

THANKS.—We are again under obligations to the Southern Express company for late papers.

Provost's Sentinels, Aug. 16, 1865.—A witness was brought in under arrest from the country charged with deserting his wife and living on with another. The Provost gave him a good lecture on matrimony, and then and there on his promising to return home and behave himself like a man towards his lawful wife.

A boy, aged about 14, and living seven miles from the city, made complaint to the Provost that a man—whose name he gave—had taken from him *vi et armis*, a mule lent him by government in order that he might support his poor, delicate, feeble mother. Capt. R., with his natural kindness of heart, showed his sympathy with the youth as he related in simple and unaffected language the story of the inhuman conduct of the guilty reprobate, and will doubtless exert himself with more than ordinary energy to detect the villian and bring him to punishment, as well as aid the sufferers in repairing their loss.

Business at the sanctum is not brisk as of yore, and we trust it will remain until, in payment for their past labors, the officials there shall have a good time.

MARKET REPORT

CORRECTED DAILY BY
E. A. WHITAKER.
Grocer and Dealer in Provisions.

Apples—Dried, $1.25 per bushel.
" Green, $1 50 per bushel.
Bacon—Firm, sales at 27@30c per lb.
Beef—10c per lb.
Butter—35c per lb. scarce.
Cheese—40c per lb.
Chickens—25c a piece.
Coffee—50c per lb.
Corn—$1 00 per bushel.
Eggs—35c per dozen.
Flour—Superfine $11 per bbl.;
Hides—Green 10c.
" Dry 15c.
Honey—in comb, 25 to 30c per lb.
Lamb—12½@15c per lb.
Lard—25c per lb.
Meal—$1 per bushel.
Mullets—None.
Mackerel—$13 per bbl.
Onions—$3 00 per bushel.
Peaches—dried 10c per lb.
Peas—White $1 00; Stock 50 to $1; Garden 40c per peck.
Potatoes—Irish $1 50 per bush.
" Sweet, new, $2 per bushel.
Sugar—Crushed 50c per lb; Brown 25c
Syrup—60c per gallon.
Soda—Cooking, 25c per pound.
Salt—$3 00 per bushel.
Tallow—10c@12½ per lb.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE,

AN excellent Piano, very little used, of Boston manufacture. Original cost $650. For particulars apply to B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
aug17-5t Commission Merchants.

AT 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
Raleigh, N. C.,

SWEDES AND ENGLISH IRON,
German and Cast STEEL,
English Island MOLASSES,
Old Government Java COFFEE,
A. C. and Crushed SUGAR,
BABBITT'S READY SOAP MAKER—get a box of this and astonish yourself at the quantity of Soap it will make—only 50 cents.
THERMOMETER CHURNS,
WATER PAILS,
WELL BUCKETS and ROPE,
COOKING STOVES, &C.
D. T. CARRAWAY,
aug17-3t With Hart & Lewis.

FOR SALE.

4,000 NOTES ON THE BANK OF N. CAROLINA,
6,000 " " " " " CAPE FEAR,
1,000 " " " " " CHARLOTTE,
7,000 MISCELLANEOUS,
5,000 GOLD COIN.
JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,
aug17-1t* Brokers.

Thomas R. Moore

Respectfully announces to the public that he has resumed

THE HAT BUSINESS

No. 115 Sycamore St., PETERSBURG, VA.,
and having received a

New Stock of Goods

is prepared to sell on as reasonable terms as may be found elsewhere.
He solicits the Wholesale and Retail Trade.
MR. JOHN WOODHOUSE
will be pleased to see his old friends and customers.
aug17-3w

Goodspeed Steamship Line

BETWEEN N. YORK AND NEWBERN.

THE A NO. 1 FINE STEAMSHIP

EL CID,

D. B. HOBART - - - Commander,

Will sail directly for New York on SATURDAY, August 19, at 5½ P. M.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply at W. H. Oliver & Co.'s Brick Store, foot of Craven street, to
aug16-td C. P. GOODSPEED, Agent.

U. S. MILITARY RAILROADS.
Morehead City and Goldsboro', and Goldsboro' and Raleigh Lines.

CARS LEAVE NEWBERN FOR RALEIGH AT 11.30 A. M.
For Morehead City at 4.50 P. M.
RETURNING.
Leave Raleigh for New Berne at 10 A. M.
Leave Morehead City for New Berne at 8.30 A. M.
WILMINGTON AND GOLDSBORO' LINE.
Leave Goldsboro' for Wilmington at 8.10 P. M.
Leave Wilmington for Goldsboro' at 8.30 A. M.
May 24-tf J. S. VAN DYKE, Superintendent.

TERMS.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, 1 Year	$10 00	Daily, 1 Month	$1 00
" 6 Months	5 00	Weekly, 1 Year	3 00
" 3 Months	2 50	" 6 Months	1 50

Invariably paid in advance in all cases or the paper will not be sent, and the paper will be stopped when the time paid for expires, unless renewed.

NEWSBOYS AND NEWS DEALERS

Will be furnished at the rate of $6 per hundred copies. All orders must be accompanied by the money.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One square, (ten lines,) occupying not more than ten lines solid bourgeois, or one inch space

1 time	$1 00	2 Weeks	$6 00
2 "	1 50	1 Month	10 00
3 "	2 00	2 Months	15 00
4 "	2 50	3 "	20 00
5 "	3 00	6 "	30 00
1 Week	3 50	1 Year	50 00

Larger advertisements, where no contract is made, will be charged in exact proportion.

YEARLY CONTRACTS

Will be made in accordance with the following schedule

1-4 col.	1 Month	$20 00	1-4 col.	6 Months	$10		
1-3 "	1 "	25 00	1	3 "	6	"	14
1 "	1 "	30 00	1	"	6	"	
1-4 "	3 "	50 00	1-4	"	1	Year	1
1-3 "	3 "	75 00	1	3 "	1	"	2
1 "	3 "	100 00	1	"	1	"	3

Only those who contract for one-fourth, one-third, one column, for one, three, six, or twelve months, will be entitled to the benefit of these terms.

Quarterly advertisements must pay by the quarter.

All advertisements must be marked with the number of insertions desired, or they will be published until forbid, and payment will be exacted.

Advertisements handed in after 10 A. M. each day will be charged One Dollar per square.

OUR CIRCULATION

Is larger in the city and throughout the State than any other paper in North Carolina. The *Progress* is read in the cars and among the people by a much larger number of persons than any other paper, and hence its importance as an advertising medium should not be overlooked by business men.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Special Notices will be set in minion, leaded, and inserted under the *Special Notice* head, and One Dollar a Square charged for every insertion.

LOCAL COLUMN.

Only short notices will be admitted to the Local Column, at the following rates:

One Line, One Day	$1 00	Three Lines, One Day	$2 00
Two Lines, "	1 50	Five Lines, "	2 50

Ten Lines, or more, at the rate of Twenty-five Cents a Line for each insertion.

FUNERAL NOTICES, MARRIAGES, &c.

Will be charged same as Advertisements, and must be paid for when handed in, or they will not appear.

The above Rates will be adhered to in all cases, and as we have to pay cash for everything in our business, we must demand cash.

June, 26, 1865. J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

TO SUBSCRIBERS AND ADVERTISERS.

We have to pay cash for paper, ink and labor, and we must have more cash from those for whom we work or we cannot pay our current expenses. We know there is but little money in circulation, but there are but few persons who want a newspaper that cannot spare the money to pay for it. Persons receiving their paper marked must remit the money or it will be stopped.

Advertisers must pay in advance for all transient matter, and business men who advertise regularly will be expected to pay their bills monthly.

Job Printing must be paid for when delivered.

J. L. P. & CO.

GEO. Z. FRENCH & CO.
SUCCESSORS TO
CUTTER & FRENCH
Fayetteville Street,
(OLD STAND OF TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,)
ARE CLOSING OUT
AT COST,
THEIR EXTENSIVE STOCK OF
CLOTHING,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats and Caps,
BOOTS & SHOES,
MILITARY CLOTHING,
MILITARY TRIMMINGS AND EQUIPMENTS,
SUTLER GOODS,
GROCERIES,
&c., &c., &c.

Call and examine this stock before purchasing elsewhere.
jy 17-tf

LADIES, READ THIS!

2 DOZEN spools Green & Daniel SPOOL COTTON, white and black, at 65,	$1 30
6 dozen ¼ yard shoe lace,	25
1 " 2 yard corset lace,	15
1 Box, 4 cards, hooks and eyes,	14
6 Slips black and drab thread,	42
12 dozen China shirt buttons,	8
6 Papers good pins, 14 rows,	75
6 " Smith's sewing Needles,	25
3 Hanks darning cotton,	18
12 spools black sewing silk,	25
2 Dozen suspender buttons,	25
1 Gross good black vest buttons,	30
3 Pieces black shirt braid,	37
2½ Quires note paper,	25
1 pack fine envelopes,	10
½ dozen good lead pencils,	13
½ " " pen holders,	5
1 " " pens,	10
6 Pieces white tape,	25
	$5 05

The above goods packed nicely in Paper Box and forwarded to any address on receipt of a $5 greenback by
JOHN KERMODE,
91 North Eutaw street,
aug5- Baltimore, Md.

ADOLPH COHN,
WHOLESALE GROCER
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Goldsboro', N. C.

REFERENCES:
Alonzo T. Jerkins, Company Shops, N. C.
Wm. S. Rayner, Baltimore, Md.
McDaniel & Irby, Lynchburg, Va.
jy 14-3m

JOS. T. FOARD. W. E. CUNINGGIM.
Foard & Cuninggim,
Forwarding & Commission Merchants
Near Old County Wharf,
NEWBERN, N. C.
aug2-3m

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THURSDAY, AUG. 17, 1865.

Southern Loss in the War.

We do not remember to have seen any tabular statement of the loss sustained by the south, materially or personally, during the four years of revolution from which she has just emerged.—Indeed, the unsettling of statistical agencies had been so radical and widely diffused as to create with us an apprehension that in both respects we should have to await the exhibits of the next census for even approximate results. But Governor Parsons, in his recent proclamation to the people of Alabama, preliminary to re-organization in that State, has supplied data which cannot greatly mislead. By this authority, the number of troops furnished by Alabama is estimated at one hundred and twenty thousand—men who actually served in the field—and he says seventy thousand of that number are dead or permanently disqualified for the active pursuits of life. It is unreasonable to suppose Gov. Parsons would venture such figures before the people of his state, except upon investigation, however partial, and we conclude there is at least a near approach to truth in them. If so, it is quite safe to apply the same ratio of enlistment in the other states that held out during the war, and in making an approximation of the numbers sent out from the remainder of the slave states, upon that basis, we shall have the following interesting table:

States.	Enlistments.	Dead and Disabled
Alabama	120,000	70,000
Arkansas, say	50,000	30,000
Florida	17,000	10,000
Georgia	131,000	76,000
Kentucky, say	50,000	30,000
Louisiana, say	60,000	34,000
Mississippi	78,000	45,000
Missouri, say	40,000	22,000
Maryland, say	40,000	24,000
North Carolina	140,000	85,000
South Carolina	65,000	40,000
Tennessee, say	60,000	34,000
Texas, say	93,000	53,000
Virginia, say	180,000	105,000
Total	1,124,000	660,000

This is an appalling panorama of war and its effects upon population; and while the picture may be liable to the accusation of extravagance in some of its features, enough of unquestionable fact will remain to show that the sketch is not imaginative but real. With the most liberal deductions from this summing up of the sacrifice, we should still possess sufficient evidence of the cost and danger of encouraging any policy which can possibly reproduce programmes of a kindred character. The figures presented are mathematical appeals to the people north and south, east and west, in behalf of public integrity.—They speak against passion and plead for reason. They are substantial, unanswerable proofs that the discouragement of sectional prejudice and intolerance is as much the office of patriotism as observance of law. In fact, they vindicate beyond discussion the wisdom, sagacity, fidelity and foresight of the earlier Presidents, all of whom realized that ideas of a negative nature would assuredly involve us in internecine strife and ultimately issue in efforts for the establishment of two or more governments on this continent.

We have shown in the preceding table only the south's side of this diorama of conflict—that of the north, with at least an equality of gloominess, is yet to be ventilated. The material is not convenient with us, but without it there is enough to inspire every generous mind with ambition to contribute as largely as practicable towards the repair of ruin which is indisputably the work of rash counsels, petty jealousies, partizanry, intrigues for governmental power, and that spirit of fanaticism and uncharitableness which appropriated to itself, in each section, an exclusive claim to intelligence, public as well as private virtue and integrity, and the special mission of dictating government for the world.

We have only to pause in and banish the radicalism of latter day politicians—to measure our public obligations by the letter and intendments of the constitution—and in national concerns pursue the medium paths to which reason point, to assure not only unbroken unity, but uninterrupted tranquility. Thus we shall avoid the hissing evils of the past and attain the very summit of human advancement. Such a reformation will best be evidenced by according to President JOHNSON and the Provisional Governors of his choice cordial, unhesitating support. Let us harmonize and not estrange; unite and not divide; counsel and not threaten; seek to heal and not keep alive or open afresh the country's wounds.

From Fortress Monroe.

A Fortress Monroe letter of the 9th instant, says:

Quite a little flutter of excitement was occasioned yesterday evening by Jeff. Davis appearing on the rampart of the fort next to the main road of Old Point. He was plainly visible from this much-frequented highway, and little knots collected all along the wooden footway which skirts the road. All stared with open eyes on the grey-clad figure that was the observed of all observers. Major-General Miles was a little in advance of his prisoner, the officer of the guard for the day was at Jeff's side, and two armed soldiers followed. Davis seated himself upon the grassy slope of the rampart and gazed inward, to the disgust of the assembled crowd, who were anxious for a distant glimpse of his features. That curiously important topic, "Jeff. Davis' health," was satisfactorily discussed by the assemblage, and after twenty minutes' patient gazing the crowd was relieved from duty by Jeff. rising and walking to a more remote portion of the ramparts, beyond the reach of outside eyes.

The Fayetteville Troubles.

There are no more refined, elevated or christian people in the State of North Carolina, or the South, than the mass of those of our sister town of Fayetteville, but they have there as we have here, a few malcontents, men who do not realize the inexorable logic of events, whose bad deeds and lawless proceedings cause injurious imputations to be cast upon the whole community. These lawless characters about Fayetteville and throughout the South most assuredly do not realize the expressed and declared policy of the government, or they certainly would not act as they do. The government has not only declared the negro free, but it has declared that he has certain personal rights which must be respected. Having declared him free the government has expressed its determination to protect him in the right of person and property, and will only allow him to be punished by the regular process of law for the commission of crime.

All intelligent men in North Carolina have had time and opportunity to acquaint themselves with the policy of the government, and it is now with them to choose between the early advent of civil law or perpetual military rule. We assure our people that so long as any considerable portion of them show a disposition to impose upon and oppress unlawfully the negro, so long will military rule be continued in North Carolina. The government means that the negro shall work for a living, and that when he violates the law he shall be punished by the law; but any attempt by the whites to take affairs into their own hands to punish and oppress otherwise than in accordance with law, will be followed by garrisons of negro soldiers and the rule of bayonets in the hands of negroes. These things being so, any man who assists in the agitation of the negro question, or who by a cruel and unjust course towards the blacks creates disturbance that may require the military to suppress it, is guilty of helping to stave off the inauguration of civil law, and will be responsible for the inconvenience and oppression of continued military rule in the State. And if such men be allowed to have a controlling voice in the State Convention, our people need not expect that the State will be admitted to the Union. The policy of the government is fixed, and unless we conform to this policy, as recommended by the Governor, we need expect no favor at Washington.

We trust that the malcontents in the town of Fayetteville will regain the senses they seem to have lost, and that they will so conduct themselves as to prevent the necessity of subjecting themselves to the government of a negro garrison.

Relative to their troubles the Wilmington *Herald* of the 10th has the following:

Fayetteville—Her Troubles.—General Ames, General Duncan and Colonel Donellan have recently returned from an official visit to Fayetteville and vicinity. From these officers we learn that we were premature in announcing the march of troops to that place. General Ames and company went there with a view of ascertaining the truthfulness of certain reports that have come down here regarding the treatment of colored people in that vicinity. The result of this visit, we are informed, is the substantiation of the fact that the negroes have been cruelly treated by, not only civilians, but the civil authorities there. Two negroes were tied up and publicly whipped by the sheriff on the sentence of a magistrate in the town of Fayetteville.—Other negroes were tied to trees and whipped, and then left tied until a storm prostrated the trees and the poor negroes fell with them, and laid a long time before being relieved. Citizens, too, have presumed to exercise the authority of masters over these people and punish them at their will with such severity as to them seemed fit. It is even reported that negroes have been killed by the cruelty of those who should be brought to punishment.

All these things are not only contrary to the policy of the government and military orders, but positively forbidden by the laws of the State of North Carolina. *All negroes are now free.* Why will not the people learn this fact and be wise? Because the people of Fayetteville would not admit this fact they have now got to submit to it by the compulsory power of the bayonet in negro hands. The troops are now under orders to go there. The government will enforce its policy. If people will submit willingly, well and good; otherwise they will be compelled to submit.

The following from the same paper of the 11th, presents the matter in a somewhat better light, and still it is bad enough:

Fayetteville Affairs.—Our friends at Fayetteville will acquit us of any desire to injure their enterprising town in any degree. We are well satisfied that that town, as every other town in the State, includes in its population some people who will not be satisfied, do what you will for them. These are the men who insist that slavery is not dead yet, and claim the privilege of treating the negroes as if they were yet slaves. It also contains a nameless institution that claims to represent the opinions and sentiments of "southern gentlemen," and denounces union officers as "elevated hod-carriers;" advocates the non-alteration of the state constitution; preaches the possibility of a continuance of the institution of slavery, and would shut the doors of the state against all foreign capital, enterprise and labor. We are aware now that it is the misfortune and not the wish of Fayetteville to have such a mouth-piece,—but, *en passant*, we are assured it will soon be relieved of the incubus. The assurances of gentlemen from that town have convinced us that gross misrepresentation has been made of their conduct. The few malcontents and their organ have wrought all the mischief, but being now known their power is broken.

We are also glad to be able to state that there is a possibility that the troops mentioned as being under orders to proceed there may be withheld. But this may depend somewhat on the ability of the loyally disposed people to control the conduct of those who are not loyal. We speak without any authority in this matter, but are well persuaded that General Ames will seek only to advance the interests of the government and support and enforce its policy everywhere in the district which he commands.

The whipping case we referred to yesterday, in which the sheriff of Cumberland county officiated, we have since learned was perfectly legal, the negroes having been regularly convicted of larceny—a crime punishable in this state by whipping, whether the culprit be white or black. The other cases cited yet need some explanation. As they now stand they have excited an unpleasant feeling towards that community.

The Dinner to Gen. Ames.

The entertainment to Gen. Ames at the Yarborough House on Tuesday night was a most brilliant success. The large dining hall was well filled off with officers and civilians and everything passed most admirably. Most of the officers on duty at this post and others passing through or temporarily sojourning here were present, with a goodly number of citizens.

The hall was tastefully decorated with the national colors and battle flags of the 10th Army Corps, and on a canvass stretched across the head of the room, showing to conspicuous advantage, were the words, "We welcome the hero of Fort Fisher."

The guests assembled promptly and the dinner commenced about 8 o'clock or a little after; and here we shall be pardoned for saying that the table appointments as well as the management of the whole affair, from beginning to end, were most creditable to mine host, Col. Hope, of the Yarborough House, and the Committee of Arrangements. The dinner was abundant and luxurious, and the wines and accompaniments would have done credit to the St. Nicholas or Fifth Avenue.

Gen. Ames, the hero of the evening, in whose honor the entertainment was given, occupied the head of the centre table, (there were three tables running the whole length of the hall,) and from his modest bearing and rather effeminate demeanor a stranger would hardly take him for the stern warrior and successful leader of armies. On the reading of the third regular toast the General arose and responded in a most eloquent and happy manner, his remarks eliciting uproarious applause.

The dinner, the wine, the excellent speeches and the pleasant intercourse was kept up till 2 o'clock, when the assembly dispersed.

During the evening a military band discoursed national airs in an adjoining room.

Entering the room late, after 9 o'clock, and being unexpectedly called away a short time after, we are incapable of doing the subject justice in this notice. We are indebted to Col. Parker, 4th New Hampshire, presiding, for the following

REGULAR TOASTS.

1st Regular Toast—"To the memory of our martyred President, Abraham Lincoln."—Drank standing, in silence.

Music—"Dirge."

2nd Regular Toast—"The President of the United States—he nobly stood by the ship during the storm, and is worthy of being placed at the helm."—Standing.

Music—"America."

3rd Regular Toast—"Our honored guest—the hero of Fort Fisher. In parting from his old command, he bears the kindest wishes of many a devoted heart."—Brevet Maj. Gen. Ames responded.

Music—"Hail to the Chief."

4th Regular Toast—"His Excellency, Governor Holden. Where bayonets placed him, the sentiments of a free people will retain him."—Responded to by Col. Cannon. Letters read from Gov. Holden and Col. T. R. Caldwell.

5th Regular Toast—"Liberty and Union, now and forever, one and inseparable."—Responded to by B. F. Moore, Esq.

Music—"Hail Columbia."

6th Regular Toast—"The 23rd Army Corps.—Franklin is inscribed upon its banners."—Responded to by Gen. Ruger.

7th Regular Toast—"Kilpatrick's Cavalry. The advance and rear guard of Sherman's army."—Gen. Kilpatrick, (not present.)

8th Regular Toast—"Our Country's Flag. Old glory shines resplendent in new glory.

Forever floats the standard sheet,
Where breathes the foe, but falls before us,
With freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And freedom's banner waving o'er it."—Col. C. R. McDonald, 47th N. Y. Vols., responded.

Music—"Star Spangled Banner."

9th Regular Toast—"The City of Oaks. May its inhabitants rally (Raleigh) around the flag as they did in the good old days of yore."—Mayor Harrison, not present. Responded to by Mr. W. R. Richardson.

Music—"Rally round the Flag."

10th Regular Toast—"The 10th Army Corps.—Taking fortresses the forte of the corps—for example: Fort Pulaski, Fort Wagner, Fort Gregg and Fort Fisher."—Lt. Col. Carleton, A. A. G., 10th Army Corps, responded.

11th Regular Toast—The Artillery of the 10th Corps—"Always in "Battery," when there is fighting to be done."—Responded to by Brevet Maj. Myrick, U. S. A.

12th Regular Toast—The Ladies of Raleigh—"Very charming, but deucedly rebellious."—Responded to by Maj. Walcott, Judge Advocate, Dep't. of N. C.

13th Regular Toast—"The names of Grant, Sherman and Sheridan reflect immortal honor upon the Regular Army."—Responded to by Brig. Gen. Hardin.

14th Regular Toast—The 2nd Div. 10th Army Corps—"Its work is done and well done."—Responded to by Col. W. D. Coan, Comd'g. Div.

15th Regular Toast—The Medical Department—"They take care of our bodies, we take care of their spirits."—Responded to by Surgeon N. S. Barnes, Med. Director.

16th Regular Toast—The Press of Raleigh—"*Progress* is the order of the day under the *Standard* of the Union."—Responded to by Col. Cannon.

17th Regular Toast—America as it will be—"Leader in the search for truth, and foremost in the diffusion of knowledge.

Humanity with all its fears,
With all its hopes of future years
Is hanging breathless on thy fate."

Responded to by Lt. Alfred Martaud, A. A. A. G. 10th A. C.

18th Regular Toast—Paymaster U. S. A.—"How are you Greenbacks?"—Responded to by Maj. Furr, Paymaster U. S. A.

19th Regular Toast—Reporters of the N. Y. Press—"They have painted from life every battle of the rebellion."—Responded to by Col. Foster.

VOLUNTEER TOASTS AND SPEECHES.

Col. Day, Chief Quartermaster, 23rd Corps, made an excellent speech in response to the 23rd Corps.

Gen'l. Hartsuff's Toast—"The Army of the Ohio, 19th and 23rd Corps.—The one at Franklin shook the door in Sherman's rear; the other at Fort Fisher opened it in his front."

Brig. Gen. Hartsuff brought down the house on the Monroe doctrine, and of course he was elated (Mrs. Partington fashion) over the fourth corps badge.)

Judge Fowle was [illegible] the right place. Dr. Barrow [illegible] Gen. Ames. Foltry read, [illegible] Dreadful the 47th N. Y. Vols. [illegible]

The following letter from the editor of the Wilmington *Herald* was received too late to be read on the occasion:

WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 15, 1865.

COLONEL:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, by telegraph, of an invitation to attend a complimentary dinner to be given to Brevet Major General Ames to-morrow evening. I regret more than I can well express the impossibility that prevents my acceptance of this polite invitation.

It has been my lot to be upon numerous battle fields during the past two years upon which Gen. Ames has exhibited all the soldierly qualities that adorn a commander to his command, and all the gallantry and patriotic devotion to the noble cause that animated his services that win for our officer the respect and esteem—yea, the admiration and lasting gratitude of his fellow countrymen. Had he been exceptionary on any other occasion, his unsurpassed bravery and heroic conduct at the head of his gallant troops at the storming of Fort Fisher would entitle him to a nation's gratitude and a place in the [illegible] in history. And I assure you, colonel, that it is my fervent conviction, as an impartial witness, that when the annals of the late war shall be fully and faithfully recorded, no name will occupy a more honorable and conspicuous place than that of Brevet Major General Adelbert Ames. Yourself and your regimental, therefore, honor yourselves in paying this deserved compliment to so gallant and meritorious an officer.

I cannot omit this occasion, colonel, to beg you to convey to General Ames the assurance of my highest personal regard and esteem, and also my unbounded respect and admiration for him as a conspicuous officer of the great and triumphant army of the Union. It is a pleasing reflection that, although republics are proverbially ungrateful, our government appreciates the services of General Ames and seeks to retain them by assigning him to a position where he may still display his conceded qualities as an officer.

In conclusion, colonel, as you are assembled around the festive board rehearsing the deeds of the past in which you have all borne such noble parts, permit me to intrude with this single sentiment:

"The late rebellion and its heroes: As we remember the one with loathing and the other with admiration, let us not cease to honor the *Ames* that contributed so largely to the success of the Union and the right."

I have the honor to be, Colonel,
Very Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS M. COOK.

LT. COL. H. W. PARKER, &c., &c.

Speaker Colfax on the Shores of the Pacific—He Makes a Speech—Lincoln—Grant—Davis.

The *Daily Territorial Enterprise*, published at Virginia City, Nevada, contains in its issue of June 28th, a full phonographic report, filling nearly a page of a speech by the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, delivered on the evening of the 26th. Mr. Colfax of course expressed his surprise and admiration at the rapid and splendid growth of Nevada, and soon began to talk of our military heroes. He said of Grant:

And, above all, let us remember that man who stands chief amongst them, modest and unassuming, and yet as inflexible and persistent as mortal man can be—our Lieutenant General, Ulysses S. Grant—[tremendous cheering]—worthy of a place in all our hearts; fitted to grace, as I believe he will, the first chair in the Republic of the United States.

Concerning Jeff. Davis Mr. Colfax, being interrupted by a question, "How will it be with old Jeff?" replied:

If there is justice left in this country we will see him hanging between Heaven and earth as not fit for either. [Cries of "That is what we want. Send him out here."]

I was in one place in one of those mines when we climbed up an iron ladder over a shaft of many hundred feet, and I thought that it would be an appropriate doom for Jeff. Davis, that he should be compelled to go up and down those iron stairs until he became tired and fell. That would be the end of him. [Voice—He'll fall deeper than that.]

About the last of Abraham Lincoln on earth, and his interview with Mr. Colfax and the message he sent to the miners, Mr. Colfax said:

I was in Washington on the last day of the life of Abraham Lincoln; and that upon that day he gave to me a message which he desired me to communicate to the toiling miners of the West, wherever I might happen to see them upon this continental tour in which myself and companions are engaged. I went there to see our President, whom I believe I had a right to call friend as well as President, and whom I loved as I never loved man before, to ask him whether public duties would allow my long absence from home; whether there was any danger or prospect of an extra session of Congress being called during the summer. It so happened—and I shall always rejoice, and as it was, that I stood by his bedside during that night and saw his life ebbing hopelessly away—that I was there to have the last interview had with him on public affairs, and bring to you the last message of his life. After conversing familiarly for some time on matters of public interest, he suddenly turned to me and asked me if I was not going to the Pacific. I told him I was going if there was no danger of an extra session of Congress this summer. He assured me there was none; and then, rising and with much more than his usual emphasis, he made what seemed to be a speech which he had thought over, in regard to the miners and their interests; and he impressed it upon me that I should communicate it to them. After his death I thought that I would write it down, as it was fresh in my recollection, instead of trusting his communication to my memory for delivery some months afterward. I think I wrote it down in nearly his own words:

"Mr. Colfax, I want you to take a message from me to the miners whom you visit. I have," said he, "very large ideas of the mineral wealth of our nation. I believe it practically inexhaustible. It abounds all over the Western country from the Rocky Mountains to the Pacific, and its development has scarcely commenced. During the war, when we were adding a couple of millions of dollars every day to our national debt, I did not care about encouraging the increase in the volumes of our precious metals. We had the country to save first. But now that the rebellion is overthrown, and we know pretty nearly the amount of our National debt, the more silver and gold we mine makes the payment of that debt so much the easier.—Now," said he, speaking with much emphasis, "I am going to encourage them in every possible way. We shall have hundreds of thousands of disabled soldiers, and many have feared that their return home in such great numbers might paralyze industry by furnishing suddenly a greater supply of labor than there will be demand for. I am going to try to attract them to the hidden wealth of our mountain ranges, where there is room enough for all. Immigration, which upon the continent temporarily will land upon our shores hundreds of thousands more per year from overcrowded Europe. I intend to point them to the gold and silver that waits for them in the West. Tell the miners for me that I shall promote their interests to the up-

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We are authorized to announce W. H. HOOD, Esq., as a candidate to the county of Wake, for the State Convention—subject to the action of a county convention, should one be called. aug17-td

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aug14-1w

DAILY PROGRESS

THURSDAY, AUG. 17, 1865.

AUTHORISED AGENTS FOR THE PROGRESS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents for the Progress in their several localities; and they will receive and receipt for subscriptions and advertisements for publication.

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S. M. Pettingill & Co., 37 Park Row, New York City, and 10 State street, Boston, Mass.

Other agents will be announced as soon as the arrangements can be made.

Where there are no agents persons can send money by mail. No paper sent until the subscription is paid.

Negro Troops—The State Convention.

Mr. Editor:—It was with pleasure that I read your remarks in the *Progress* a few days since in reference to the removal of negro troops from our State, and I sincerely hope that your suggestions will have due weight upon those in authority, and that their speedy removal may be accomplished. The presence of colored troops (however good they may be in themselves) cannot do otherwise than have a demoralizing influence upon the negro population, and, in that opinion, I doubt not you will be sustained by nine-tenths of our people, whether native or of recent residence among us. I know of my own personal knowledge that our citizens in some localities do not feel safe in consequence of their presence, and their fears are based upon the very best grounds. I trust you will continue to press the matter upon the attention of our government until we are relieved entirely from their presence.

I notice our worthy Governor has issued a proclamation ordering an election for members of a State Convention, and I hope the good people of our State will use their best efforts in securing the services of our best and ablest men for that high and honorable position. The importance of that Convention must be apparent to every man of ordinary intelligence, and it should be composed of the best men in the State—men of sound judgment and uncompromising integrity. Now that the election is ordered and the time for holding the same duly appointed, I hope there will be no more murmurings about the Governor's seeming delay in the matter, but that every good and loyal citizen will go to preparing himself to vote and work on that occasion for the good of the State and the best interest of our common country. I earnestly desire to see our good old State return early to her former position in the Union, and move forward in a career of prosperity unequaled in all her past history; and I doubt not this will be her destiny, if we only adhere to the landmarks of our fathers and pursue a course of conciliation and liberality in our actions and legislation towards all men. Trusting that you will continue your efforts to move the ark of our good old State forward until it settles upon the rock of eternal restoration to our glorious Union,

I remain, very respectfully,

Justice.

Artemus Ward is looking at things in Boston. He had an adventure one day, which resulted as follows:

"I returned in the Hoss Car, part way. A pooty girl in spectacles sat near us, and was tellin' a young man how much he reminded her of a man she used to know in Waltham. Pooty soon she took off her specs and went right out smilin' in a seductive manner. I said to the girl in spectacles—

"Don't I remind you of somebody you used to know?"

"Yes," she said, "you do remind me of one man, but he was sent to the penitentiary for steelin' a bar'l of mack'rel—he died there, so I conclude you ain't him."

I didn't purs-o the conversation."

Mexico and the Monroe Doctrine.—A special to the New York *News*, from Washington, says:

The latest news from Mexico is contradictory and conflicting. One account brings the news of widespread disaffection among the Mexicans, who are looking, it is said, for the advent of our army as their deliverers. The other account represents the country as tranquil and well governed, and that the resources of the country are beginning to be developed. It is reported that the Administration will not much longer maintain their ambiguous position in relation to the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine, and that Mr. Seward will soon take a decisive stand, either for the republic or for the recognition of Maximilian. One course is quite as likely to be taken as the other.

Ex-Confederates at Havana.—A letter from Havana says:

"Mr. Benjamin, always in luck, personally, leaves here on the British steamer, on the 6th instant, for St. Thomas and Southampton. General J. B. Magruder will be here in the next steamer from Vera Cruz. Ex-Governor Reynolds and lady, Captain Martin of Missouri, and General E. Kirby Smith, of Florida, will remain here until they have communication with their friends and determine what to do and where to go."

The Eight-Women—of the fashionable world,—use Sozodont. Ladies as they see their unsullied teeth and rosy gums reflected in their toilet-mirrors, and gentlemen as their white incisors flash through their dark mustaches, wonder how the benighted folk of twenty years ago got along without the teeth-beautifying, breath-perfuming Sozodont.

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General Commission Merchant,

158 West Pratt St., Baltimore, Md.

SELLS ALL AND EVERYTHING. QUICK RETURNS made. Custom desired all through the South.

REFER TO

Mr. John B. Neathery, Maj. W. W. Pierce, and others in Raleigh, N. C. jy 18-1m

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE FIRM OF W. R. Richardson & Co., or to W. R. Richardson individually, prior to the suppression of the rebellion, are requested to come forward and settle according to rates of gold at the time of the transactions.

Those unable to pay cash will confer a favor by giving their notes according to the ratio above stated.

je 29-tf W. R. RICHARDSON.

AN ELEGANT

PIANO.

EIGHT OCTAVE, ROSEWOOD CASE, IN PERFECT ORDER, AND AS GOOD AS NEW,

For sale at the Fireside Bookstore,

No. 59 Fayetteville street.

aug3-tf

* Standard copy.

PLANTERS' HOTEL

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS HOTEL IS NOW OPEN AND PATRONAGE solicited from my friends and the public generally. Mr. A. J. PARKIN has charge of my business and will do all in his power to render our guests comfortable.

A limited number of boarders taken by the week at reasonable rate, with or without lodging.

jy 18-1m W. T. BAIN.

ALES.

MACPHERSON & DONALD SMITH,
(Late styled Smith & Brother,)
New York.

BREWERS OF
EAST INDIA AND BITTER PALE ALES,
FOR CITY AND SOUTHERN USE.

These ales are of improved quality, brewed with great care, pleasant, nutritive and strengthening, and can be relied on for purity. Brewery, Eighth Avenue, between 7th and 8th streets.

jy 15 3m

A RARE CHANCE

For any one Wishing to Build a Fine House.

THE ADVERTISER OFFERS FOR SALE THE frame work, all mortised and ready to put together, of a

LARGE HOUSE,

48×66 feet, cottage style, 8 rooms with basement; together with

16 pair Blinds—primed;
17 Door Shutters and Frames;
14 Large Window Frames, with Rollers;
8 Window Frames—without Rollers;
14 Sash Sash—Glazed—Glass 10×18;
6 Frontispieces for fire-places.

This work was cut and the material prepared for a large, fine building, and is of the best flooring, weatherboarding, shingles, lath and lime are wanting to finish it—all else now being on the ground.

The property may be seen, with a drawing of the building, and terms accertained by calling at this office.

jy 26-1w REGISTER PROGRESS.

FOR SALE,

A GOOD FARM AND WATER-POWER. APPLY to RICHARDSON & MILLER.
jy14-tf

NEW SCHEDULE.

FROM RALEIGH TO PETERSBURG,

THROUGH IN ONE DAY.

ON AND AFTER THURSDAY NEXT, THE RALeigh and Gaston train will leave Raleigh at 6 a. m., reach Gaston at 12 m.

Connecting there with Seaboard train at 1 p. m., and reach the terminus of the Petersburg Road at 5 p. m.

Returning, the Petersburg train will leave Weldon as soon as the passengers from the Seaboard train can take all the connecting trains for the North, and reach Gaston at 11 m.

Leave Gaston at 1 p. m., and reach Raleigh at 7 p. m.

Through tickets will be issued at Raleigh at 6 a. m. and Petersburg at 5 p. m.

Through freight will be received at Raleigh and Petersburg as heretofore.

Raleigh, June 21, 1865. jy 21-tf

GIVE THE PEOPLE TEA.

MIDDLE

(BETWEEN SOUTH FRONT AND POLLOCK STS.)

NEWBERN, N. C.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

He has just moved to this large and commodious

NEW STORE,

where his immense stock can be found at all times, and he invites his old customers to give him a call.

C. W. ROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, TEAS, COFFEE, SUGAR, REASONED CHEESE, FISH AND PROVISIONS,

CRAVEN STREET,

(BETWEEN SOUTH FRONT AND POLLOCK,)

Newbern, N. C.

Merchants and Traders sending orders to be shipped by express, will have them promptly filled at a slight advance on New York prices. jy 14-3m

ROUSE & CO.,

(Late W. C. Hamilton & Co.,)

Corner South Front and Middle Streets,

Newbern, N. C.

WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CROCKERY, FURNITURE AND HARDWARE.

jy 14-3m

Leland, Biglow & Co.,

COMMISSION

—AND—

FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

—AND—

Cotton Factors,

AND DEALERS IN

BAGGING, ROPE, TWINE

AND OTHER GOODS SUITABLE FOR

COTTON PLANTERS,

POLLOCK STREET,

(Near East Front St.,)

NEWBERN, N. C.

jy 14-1[illegible]

Borland, Biglow & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

BAGS & BAGGING,

NO. 7 BEAVER STREET,

NEW YORK.

Liberal CASH ADVANCES made on consignments of COTTON, NAVAL STORES and other MERCHANDISE to the Above House, by

LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,

POLLOCK ST., NEAR EAST FRONT ST.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

jy 14-tf[illegible]

NOTICE TO COTTON PLANTERS.

NEWBERN, N. C.

COTTON GIN COMPANY.

THIS COMPANY HAVING MADE LARGE ADditions to their works and erected large Warehouses, are prepared to Gin, Press, Sale and Store Cotton on very favorable terms the coming season, and would call the attention of cotton growers to the fact that in consequence of the low price of cotton, our prices will be greatly reduced from those of last season, and they will find it for their interest to give us a call. We would respectfully solicit their patronage.

LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,
Corner Pollock and East Front Sts.,
jy 14-4[illegible] Newbern, N. C.

Kemp P. Battle. J. M. Heck. R. P. Williamson.

NORTH CAROLINA LAND AGENCY.

BATTLE, HECK & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL BUY, SELL AND LEASE [illegible] all kinds of real estate, goods, [illegible] and negotiate loans [illegible] Through [illegible] in every county [illegible] Will [illegible] Commissioners and [illegible] All papers in the State copy four times and [illegible]

Hulbert & McLean,

Have removed to their well known

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY GROUND,

Corner of Pollock and Middle Sts.,

NEW BERN, N. C.,

And have opened a very large and fresh stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Which they will sell at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, at REASONABLE PRICES.

We also are prepared to receive Consignments of COTTON and OTHER PRODUCTS.

Make liberal advancements upon the same and ship to the New York market.

The highest market price and prompt returns guaranteed in all cases.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

Hulbert & McLean,

At the large Brick Store,

Corner of Pollock and Middle Streets.

New Bern, Aug. 5, 1865-3m

WILEY F. HIGGINS,

Having resumed his old business of the

Dry Goods Trade,

Would be pleased to see his friends at HULBERT & McLEAN'S, at the Rounds Cashbook Store,

Cor. Pollock and Middle Sts., NEW BERN.

aug3-1m

H. J. HENNINGER,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

CORNER OF POLLOCK AND MIDDLE STS.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

(The old stand of J. Gooding and I. Disoway.)

jy 14-3m

D. T. CARRAWAY,

WITH

Hart & Lewis,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE, HARDWARE, Hollowware, Crockery and Glassware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Cooking Stoves, Lamps, Kerosene Oil, &c.

44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

je 5-3m

HUGHES & DILL,

Commission & Shipping Merchants,

Newbern, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES and Tobacco, will have our prompt attention.

Agents for Murray's line of Steamships to New York, and sailing vessels for Baltimore and Philadelphia.

T. J. Hughes, Newbern. G. W. Dill, Morehead City.

jy 2-tf

MURRAY & NEPHEW,

COMMISSION AND SHIPPING MERCHANTS,

And Agents for Murray's North Carolina Steamship Line.

62 South Street, New York.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON AND NAVAL Stores will receive our special attention. Consignments made through GEO. W. DILL, Morehead, will be forwarded free of charge.

All orders promptly filled. Having been in the North Carolina trade for over twenty years, we feel confident to satisfy our correspondents in all particulars.

N. B.—Full quotations of our markets furnished.

May 15-tf

CARD—LAND AGENCY.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING RECENTLY associated [illegible] and [illegible] Agency, "in the city of Raleigh, for the transaction of business [illegible] in the latter, have since [illegible] to continue their [illegible] in connection with [illegible] Agency, under the firm of [illegible] Hester, Busbee, Peck & Co. We find that we will be able to give our personal attention to [illegible] of the Agency, and to [illegible] of the business entrusted to us.

We have [illegible] the services of [illegible] Esq., late of the firm of [illegible] & Co., [illegible] Agency, and [illegible] Esq., late of the firm of [illegible] & Co., [illegible] Agency, with [illegible] of the Agency.

Letters [illegible] Esq., in either of the aforesaid counties, [illegible] to call, will receive prompt attention. Applications to call at [illegible] of the Agency, will please address to [illegible] Meanwhile, attention is directed to the [illegible] Battle, Heck & Co., published in the [illegible] this issue.

[illegible]

NEW YORK DAILIES

DELIVERED EVERY DAY BY EXPRESS,

MAGAZINES

[illegible]

THE NATIONAL HOTEL [illegible]

PATENT [illegible]

[illegible] Agent.

jy 15-tf

C. E. Pescud, Wilmington, N. C. Elias J. Cox

[illegible] & CO.,

[illegible] AND [illegible]

[illegible] MERCHANTS,

[illegible] COTTON, TURPENTINE, COTTON YARNS, CLOTH, AND NAVAL STORES.

Sales and Returns promptly and [illegible] effected by [illegible] and Agents in New York.

H. P. Williamson & Co., Raleigh, will furnish information concerning Taxes, Shipments, &c., for consignors by the above parties.

REFER TO

New York—President Atlantic Bank, Penner, Bennett & Co., Bankers, Wm. Kellogg, W. J. Barney & Co. Raleigh—Dr. W. J. Hawkins, President Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, Banks, Heck & Co., J. M. Heck, Esq., B. P. Williamson & Co.

jy 15-2m

*** Standard and Reward copy. [4 squares.]

SHAFER & NORWOOD,

C. E. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va.

P. T. NORWOOD late of Warrenton, N. C.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OFFICE

No. 8 Water St.

NEW YORK.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grain, and all other Southern Products solicited.

Orders from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters, and others will receive our prompt, individual attention.

REFER TO

Gov J. M. Morehead, Greensboro', N. C.
W. J. Hawkins, President R. & G. R. R.
Wilkerson, Sill & Co, Petersburg, Va.
Dunnard & Johnson, Petersburg, Va.
Martin & Tunstall, Petersburg, Va.
R. A. Taylor, Esq., Salem, N. C.
R. B. Richardson, Esq., Rockingham.

June 8-3m

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865.

The Great Invention of the Age in Hoop Skirts.

J. W. BRADLEY'S NEW PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC, (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS NEW INVENTION CONSISTS OF DUPLEX (OR two) Elliptic Pure Refined Steel Springs, intersecting each other slightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, elastic and durable Skirt ever made. They contain [illegible] and [illegible] like the Single Springs, and consequently [illegible] more graceful and beautiful shape more [illegible] as long as any Single Spring Skirt that ever [illegible] can be made.

The great flexibility and great comfort and pleasure [illegible] Lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will [illegible] particularly in all crowded Assemblies, [illegible] Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm-Chairs, [illegible] and House Dress, as the Skirt can be [illegible] to any size necessary, a small place as easily [illegible] by a Silk or Muslin Dress.

[illegible] enjoyed the Pleasure, Comfort and [illegible] of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel [illegible] for a single day will never afterwards willingly [illegible] with their use. For Children, Misses and [illegible] they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear [illegible] as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three [illegible] Steels, and [illegible] Steels, and [illegible] to prevent the covering from [illegible] when dragging down stairs, stone [illegible] &c., as these are constantly subject to [illegible] in use.

They are made of the new and elegant Corded Tapes, and are of the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are [illegible] the lightest, most desirable, comfortable and economical Skirt ever made.

J. W. BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. L. & J. O. Wing) Proprietors of the Invention, and sole manufacturers, [illegible] and 79 & 81 Reade Streets, New York.

For sale in all first-class stores in this City, and throughout the United States and Canada, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America and the West Indies.

Agents wanted for the Duplex Elliptic (or double) Spring Skirt. May 10-tf

SWEPSON, MERRIMON & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

TURPENTINE, RAW COTTON, COTTON YARNS, CLOTHS, AND NAVAL STORES,

79 Pearl Street, New York.

Orders solicited for the Purchase of Goods.

Refer to Swepson, Merrimon & Co., New York City.
Jno. A. Gilmer, New York City.
Hon. D. M. Barringer, President Farmer's Bank, Charlotte, N. C.
Hon. [illegible], Company's Shops, N. C.
Hon. [illegible], Greensboro', N. C.
Gen. J. Pegram, Bank River P. O., N. C.

*** Liberal cash advances made on consignments to us.

jy 15-3m

READ BROTHERS & CO.,

SHAW HOUSE, BATH, CAPE, &c.

280 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

W. R. SUMMERS.

COTTON OWNERS.

We can ship, on BALES COTTON, PALE [illegible] to dispose of our, will send [illegible]

RICHARDSON & MILLER.

jy 15-tf

LATEST NEWS.

EUROPE.

FIVE DAYS LATER NEWS.

A Connecticut Defaulter Nabbed.

THE CHOLERA IN SPAIN.

Appearance of the Pestilence at Gibraltar and Valentia.

FARTHER POINT, Aug. 12.

The steamship Moravian, from Liverpool, August 3, via Londonderry on the 4th, passed this point at 5:30 this evening. Her dates are five days later than previously received.

Jeremiah Townsend, clerk in a savings bank at New Haven, Conn., who absconded last May, with about one hundred thousand dollars, had been cleverly captured in Liverpool by two Philadelphia detectives, on arrival at that place from Havana, via Southampton. Townsend sought to use his loaded revolver when captured, but was prevented. Nearly $99,000 of the stolen money was found in his possession. He sailed for New York, in the custody of his captors, in the Etna, on the 2d inst.

FRANCE.

The *Moniteur* on the present position of the Schleswig Holstein question, says France continues to hope that any arrangement may be made will be in conformity with the national sentiments of the people of the Dutchies.

The Bource on the 2d was heavy and lower; Rentes, 67f, 75c.

ITALY.

There are rumors of an early interview between the King of Italy and the Pope. A correspondent says it is generally believed such a personal interview will not take place before the evacuation of Rome by French troops.

SPAIN.

Thirty cases of cholera were reported at Valentia, Spain. Cholera had also appeared in camp at Gibraltar.

Two Spanish bishops who protested against the recognition of Italy are threatened with a trouble, their protests having been referred to the Council of State.

The *Epocha* says the recognition of the kingdom of Greece will follow that of Italy by Spain.

AUSTRIA.

Vienna, August 3.—All the Vienna papers concur in attributing the fall in public funds to-day to the rumor that the emperor and Count Mensdorff had left Ischall to-day for Vienna, and that the King of Prussia had left for Gastien. A banquet took place to-day to celebrate the five hundredth anniversary of the establishment of Vienna University. The evening edition of the Abend *Post*. evening edition of *Werner Zeitung*, announces among the honorary degrees conferred upon the occasion that of doctor of philosophy on Mr. J. Stuart Mill.

HORTUGAL.

The King of Portugal, when closing the cortes, promised a strict law for the final abolition of slavery in the Portugese possessions.

The Queen of Portugal had been delivered of a son.

MEETING OF THE MISSISSIPPI STATE CONVENTION.

JACKSON, MISS., August 14.—The State Convention convened at 12 o'clock to-day.

Governor Sharkey examined into the loyalty and qualifications of the members, and administered the Amnesty oath to such as had not taken it before.

The Convention organized by electing J. C. Suger, of Washington county, president, and J. S. Powers, Hind county, secretary. The rest of the day was spent in arranging the preliminaries of important business which is to be brought before the Convention.

The Exodus to Mexico Exaggerated—But few of the Texas Confederates Gone—They are going against Maximilian instead of for Him—Sterling Price, General Parsons, &c.

[From the St. Louis Republican, July 27th.]

Major-General Herron, who has just arrived in this city from the Military Division of the Gulf, gives us some information which will correct an error that is generally, if not universally, prevalent throughout the North. It is in relation to the removal of late Confederate soldiers to Mexico, with the intention of taking part in the contest by which that unfortunate country is still distracted. Being just from Shreveport where he received the surrender of the bulk of Kirby Smith's army, and where he was brought into contact with Confederates of every rank, he is of course enabled to speak advisedly.

Instead of the seven or eight thousand Missourians who are said to have accompanied Shelby beyond the Rio Grande, that officer was followed it seems, by a scanty band of two hundred. Their purpose, as well as their leader's, was to join not Maximilion, as has been reported, but Juarez and the liberal cause.—Other parties of Confederates who imitated Shelby, Missourians and men from seceded states, will not exceed a few hundred in number, all told. Like the former, they designed to cast their swords into the scale against Maximillian, and the French and Austrian contingents by whom he is supported. This, he says, is the purpose of all confederates who have sought or may seek a hand in the military affairs of Mexico. Their motive in siding with the liberal party is one of the resentments towards Louis Napoleon, who so grievously disappointed their hopes of intervention against the United States in the contest from which they have just emerged. A partial revenge, they now think, is attainable by expelling his protege from Mexican soil, and they will do their best to bring about such a result. Others upon whom this motive did not operate, expressed a willingness to go out of pure regard for the principle of the Monroe doctrine, and thought that all interlopers upon American soil ought to be driven off.

Sterling Price is in Texas with his family, and entertains no idea of going to Mexico. It is not improbable that he may return to Missouri at no distant day. Gen. Monroe M. Parsons has also located in Texas for the purpose of practicing law. Gen. Churchill, who was captured originally at Arkansas Post, together with Buckner, Bragg and Beauregard, are in New Orleans—none of them thinking of removing permanently from the United States. General Churchill expresses a wish to go to Europe to remain a limited time abroad.

The Cable!!

NEWS TO THE 2ND OF AUGUST.

Twelve Hundred Miles of Cable Laid, and all Going Well.

The Signals Suddenly Become Unintelligible.

NOTHING MORE HEARD OF THE BIG SHIP.

ANXIETY AND SPECULATIONS IN LONDON.

Fall in Telegraphic Stock and Rapid Rise in Rates of Insurance.

The Repairs of the Previous Break.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

Despatches from the Great Eastern to Wednesday morning, the 2d inst., reported all going on well and twelve hundred miles paid out; but on Wednesday evening the following was received:

Valentia, Aug. 2, 1865.

Signals from the Great Eastern became unintelligible at noon. No communication has been had with the ship since, and no information received. The cause is unknown, and at the closing of this summary nothing additional has transpired.

Ateantic Telegraph old shares became quiet on the 3d, and nominal under the above, the quotation of the 3d being 400a500. Preference shares declined from ¾ premium to ¼a¾ discount.

THE VERY LATEST.

The following is the latest despatch received at Londonderry the 4th instant—

London, Aug. 4, 1865.

Communication with the Great Eastern remains suspended. Nothing has been heard from her since noon of the 2d instant.

Atlantic Telegraph shares are nominal at 2¼a3. Insurance on the cable has advanced to 50a60 guineas.

ANXIETY IN LONDON ABOUT THE FATE OF THE CABLE.

A very anxious feeling prevails in the city and elsewhere with the regard to the prospects of the Atlantic cable. Up to mid-day on Wednesday, the 2d, the signals received were singularly distinct.—The Great Eastern was then very nearly two-thirds of the way to Newfoundland. She was in the deepest water of the whole route—two thousand four hundred fathoms, or a little over two and a half miles. It was at this time that the signals to Valentia became unintelligible, and gradually ceased.

PROSPECTS AND PROBABILITIES.

The *Times* infers that the disaster occurred after the cable left the vessel, from the fact that it was unknown to those on board who were signalling their messages as usual, when their signals became unintelligible at Valentia, and at last ceased entirely.—As to the chances of recovering the unimpaired part of the cable and repairing it, it may be said that this process could not be accomplished at the rate of more than a quarter of a mile an hour, which the slightest wind or rough sea would at once put an end to.—For such eventualities the Great Eastern is amply provided. She has several buoys on board, equal altogether to a weight of fifty tons, and she has at least five miles of powerful wire buoy rope, which can support all that the buoys themselves can float. This effort to buoy, however, will not be resorted to till the last extremity, owing to the danger and improbability of finding the cable again.

The *Times*, in conclusion, remarks that if the Great Eastern is making successful efforts to haul in the cable and repair it a clear renewal of the signals may be looked for within a couple of days. If, on the contrary, that time should pass without the cable giving signals of life, we fear the cause must be considered hopeless, as far as regards success this year.

SPEEDY REPAIR OF THE PREVIOUS BREAK.

The accident to the cable on the 29th was speedily repaired. No particulars were received. On the morning of the 2d inst., at half-past six o'clock, twelve hundred miles were paid out and the ship had run ten hundred and fifty miles. All was going on well.

VERY LATEST.

FROM WASHINGTON.

PARDONS GRANTED.

New Applicants.

MOSBY'S MOVEMENTS.

The following are special telegrams from Washington;

SPECIAL PARDONS.

The President on Saturday granted special pardons to B. F. McDonough, of Texas, and George W. Mordecai, and Wm. J. Hawkins, of North Carolina, under the amnesty proclamation.

FAYETTE M'MULLEN SEEKING PARDON.

Among the latest arrivals of Southerners in quest of pardon is Fayette McMullen, of Virginia. He was one of the fiercest secessionist, but now claims some merit for belonging to the reactionary party against Jefferson Davis. McMullen was formerly a member of the United States House of Representa- was in danger while he remained in Alexandria, several persons, whom he had deeply wronged during the war, having armed themselves to kill him.

NEW STATE TREASURER OF VIRGINIA.

Hon. Francis J. Smith, of Richmond, has been appointed Treasurer of the State of Virginia, in place of Hon. Warren W. Wing, appointed Postmaster at Norfolk.

SOUTHERN POSTOFFICES.

The Postmaster-General is gradually extending the postal service southward from Richmond, having just concluded contracts for the conveyance of the mails from that city to Petersburg and from Petersburg to Weldon, N. C., twice a day. The entire distance is ninety miles.

Colonel J. K. Mosby left Alexandria on Thursday evening for his home in Warrenton, there to remain until the further orders of the War Department. Such was the excited feeling, it is said, against him on the part of the citizens and soldiers that his life was in danger, and was afterwards in the rebel Congress.

MORE ABOUT VIRGINIA REPRESENTATION.

General David H. Strother, Adjutant General of Virginia, will visit this city this week to urge executive action upon a large number of pardons pending from that State.

AUCTION SALES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

AUCTION SALES OF HORSES, MULES, ARMY Wagons, Spring Wagons, Harness and other government property will take place from time to time at the principal cities and towns in the State.

These sales will afford farmers excellent opportunities to stock their farms with any class of animals they desire to purchase.

Each sale will embrace a variety of stock, including riding and draught Horses and Mules of every class. A few very large Mules, thoroughly broken to harness, and in fine condition, will be offered at each sale.

The attention of capitalists and dealers in stock is particularly called to the opportunities here presented for profitable investment. Stock purchased for cash at these sales may be sold on credit, with ample security, at a large advance, to farmers who are depending on their growing crops for means to purchase—or may be retained, and sold for cash at a large profit after the crops have matured.

Terms CASH on day of sale.

Sales will continue during the month of August, and will be advertised in this column as soon as dates are fixed.

At FAYETTEVILLE, on Friday, August 18th, 1865, at 9 o'clock, A. M., under the direction of Capt. A. M. GAROUTTE, A. Q. M.

At CHARLOTTE, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 23d, 24th and 25th, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. each day.

At LOUISBURG, Franklin county, on Friday, August 25th, under the direction of Capt. A. M. GAROTTE, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock a. m.

At GREENSBORO, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 31st, and September 1st and 2d, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. each day.

At GOLDSBORO, on Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 5th and 6th, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. each day.

At MOREHEAD CITY, on Tuesday and Wednesday, September 12th and 13th, 1865, under the direction of Capt D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. each day.

At NEWBERNE, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 24th, 25th and 26th, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. each day.

J. F. BOYD,
Col. & Chief Q. M., Dep't of N. C.

jy 24-tf

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER 7:40 P. M., Sunday, August 13th, 1865, Trains will run, until further orders, as follows:

GOING WEST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh,	7.40 P. M.
"	Greensboro,	2.17 A. M.
"	Salisbury,	6.45 "
Arrive	Charlotte,	10.10 "

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh,	6.00 A. M.
"	Greensboro,	12.50 P. M.
"	Salisbury,	5.00 "
Arrive	Charlotte,	7.00 "

GOING EAST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Charlotte,	3.00 P. M.
"	Salisbury,	6.25 "
"	Greensboro,	10.15 "
Arrive	Raleigh,	4.30 A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave	Charlotte,	5.25 A. M.
"	Salisbury,	9.00 "
"	Greensboro,	1.05 P. M.
Arrive	Raleigh,	7.30 "

MAIL TRAIN connects, east and west, with the Raleigh & Gaston train for Petersburg and the North and with the U. S. Military railroad for Goldsboro, Newbern, Morehead City and Wilmington.

FREIGHT TRAIN leaves Raleigh at 11 A. M., Charlotte 6.00 A. M.,—stopping at Company Shops over night.

The Mail Train only will run on Sunday. Passengers are notified to procure tickets before entering the trains, as additional fare will be collected.

E. WILKES,
Engineer and Sup't.

aug12 tf

Proposals FOR THE PURCHASE OF Horses, Mules, Wagons and Harness.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
DEPARTMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH, August 14th, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on Tuesday, September 5th, 1865, for the purchase of a large number of Horses, Mules, Wagons and Harness.

The property will be free for the inspection of bidders at Charlotte, Raleigh and Newbern, N. C., from the 20th of August until the day of sale.

Horses and Mules will be put aside in lots of 12, 24, and 48, each; the Wagons in lots of 2, 4 and 8 each; and the Harness in lots of 12, 24 and 48 single setts, each. Proposals will only be considered for the whole of each separate lot.

A number of Four-Mule and Six-Mule Teams, with Harness and Wagons, will also be set aside at each point named, and proposals received for single Teams, with the Wagons and Harness complete.

Proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, at Raleigh; and should be endorsed—"proposals for the purchase of public property."

The right is reserved to reject all bids that may be offered.

Successful bidders will be notified in person or by telegraph; and will be required to remove the property on or before September 8th.

Full information, and blanks for proposals, will be furnished on application by letter or in person to the undersigned, or to Lieut. Simpson, A. A. Q. M., Charlotte; Capt. A. M. Garoutte, A. Q. M., Raleigh; Captain U. H. Wheeler, A. Q. M., Newbern; and Captain D. W. H. Day, A. Q. M., Raleigh.

Payment must be made in Government funds on the delivery of the property.

All Mules offered in this manner are sound and serviceable—a large proportion of them far superior to any offered for sale at auction in the Department. This will be the only opportunity planters and others will have of purchasing this class of stock from the Government.

J. F. BOYD,
Col. and Chief Quartermaster.

aug15-td

NOTICE TO THE MAGISTRATES OF WAKE COUNTY.

IN obedience to the Proclamation of the Provisional Governor, the Magistrates of the county of Wake are instructed to meet at the Court-House in Raleigh on Monday the 21st instant, to appoint Magistrates for the purpose of administering the amnesty oath, and also appoint Inspectors of Elections; and to transact other important business.

J. J. FERRELL,
Clerk.

aug15 4t

Dental Notice.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has opened an office over P. P. Pescud's Drug Store, where he will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronage. Particular attention paid to the preservation of the natural teeth. Artificial Teeth inserted on the most approved principles of practice.

J. H. CRAWFORD.

aug15-4m*

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE.

50 Barrels EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, made from the best wheat.
1000 pounds choice BACON.
400 " prime WHITE LARD.
500 " RICE.
ROE HERRINGS.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
Fayetteville Street.

aug7-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

2 BALES—1000 yards—ALABAMA PLAIDS.
2000 Bunches COTTON YARN.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
Fayetteville Street.

aug7-tf

TO TURPENTINE MAKERS.

500 POUNDS HOOP IRON,
200 pounds GLUE,
at B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO'S.,
Fayetteville Street.

aug7-tf

10 DOZEN AXES.
5 dozen Long Handled SHOVELS.
1200 pounds No. 5 and 6 WIRE. For sale at
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO'S.,
Fayetteville Street.

aug7-tf

10 DOZEN FRENCH CALF SKINS.
16 pounds BLACK SEWING SILK.
10 dozen SOFT HATS.
For sale at B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO'S.,
Fayetteville Street.

aug7-tf

SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD.

To take effect Tuesday, June 20, 1865.

GOING NORTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh	5 00 A. M.
"	Mill Brook	5 26 "
"	Huntsville	5 40 "
"	Wake	6 13 "
"	Franklinton	7 00 "
"	Kittrell's	8 13 "
"	Henderson	8 53 "
"	Junction	9 00 "
"	Ridgeway	9 26 "
"	Warrenton	10 15 "
"	Macon	10 37 "
"	Littleton	11 20 "
"	Gaston	12 00 "
Arrive	Weldon	1 00 P. M.

GOING SOUTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Weldon	10 00 A. M.
"	Gaston	11 00 "
"	Littleton	12 45 P. M.
"	Macon	1 24 "
"	Warrenton	1 57 "
"	Ridgeway	2 32 "
"	Junction	2 39 "
"	Henderson	3 22 "
"	Kittrell's	4 00 "
"	Franklinton	4 44 "
"	Wake	5 32 "
"	Huntsville	6 02 "
"	Mill Brook	6 31 "
Arrive	Raleigh	7 00 "

ALBERT JOHNSON,
Superintendent.

aug14-tf

PIONEER LAND OFFICE.

L. P. OLDS & CO.

Principal Office . . . . RALEIGH, N. C.

SPECIAL AGENCIES:

WILMINGTON, NEW BERNE, GOLDSBORO, GREENSBORO, SALISBURY, CHARLOTTE.

325 Atlantic St., New York, and 123 South St., Philadelphia.

AGENTS IN ALL COUNTIES—SHERIFFS ACTING WHERE THERE ARE NO SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Our Agents all receive like compensation, viz: one (1) per cent commission on all sales through their Descriptive Lists or Applications.

BEGINNING immediately after the war collapsed we continue to receive applications from buyers and sellers of Real Estate, and invite a still more extended use of this cheap, convenient, liberal, and satisfactory

PLAN OF BUSINESS.

Parties can communicate through agents, or direct.
Rules in the hands of all Agents.
Titles guaranteed according to our rules. (No. 14.)

FOR SALE.

Cotton, Tobacco, Turpentine, Corn, Mining and other Lands, Mills, Town Property, &c., &c.

All enquiries promptly answered with Maps, Diagrams and Sketches, if required.

*** Owing to accumulating business of other kinds, I would beg to transfer the management of the Land Office to my son, Mr. G. E. OLDS, for whose skill, tact and energy I can vouch.

L. P. OLDS.

L. P. OLDS' New Office at same place (for the present) Hon. H. W. Miller's office, east of the capitol.

aug3-1m

PROSPECTUS OF THE WILMINGTON DISPATCH.

THE undersigned will commence the publication of a Daily Newspaper, under the above title, in Wilmington, N. C., on or about the 15th day of September next. They do not deem it necessary to issue an extended prospectus; and will only promise, that no pains or expense will be spared in making the DISPATCH a

FIRST-CLASS NEWSPAPER.

The Commercial Department will receive the especial attention of gentlemen well qualified for the business; and will contain faithful and correct reports of both the Northern and Southern markets.

TERMS:

For one year	$10 00
" six months	6 00
" three	3 00

A Weekly Edition will be published as soon as a sufficient number of mail routes are re-opened to justify it.

Address us at Wilmington, N. C., care Alfred Martin, Esq.

HERWARD & BARRY,
WM. H. HERWARD, } Editors and Proprietors.
JOHN D. BARRY. }

aug2-1m

C. M. Delamar & Co.,

(Formerly of Baltimore,)

GENERAL COMMISSION AND Shipping Merchants,

174 Front Street, NEW YORK,

Solicit consignments of COTTON, TOBACCO, RICE, NAVAL STORES, &c., &c.

On which we will make liberal cash advances and prompt returns.

aug2-3m

NOTICE.

FARMERS, OR ANY OTHER PARTIES, HAVING Cotton for sale are invited to call on the subscriber before disposing of the same. It might result for their interest by so doing.

W. H. CROW,
Office Halifax street, Raleigh, N. C.

jy 28-3w

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Provisions, Groceries,

AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

—OF—

COTTON, NAVAL STORES & OTHER PRODUCTS

Received on consignment for sale in New York,

Or Bought for Cash.

—:o:—

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES

MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS TO

ARTHUR LEARY, - - - NEW YORK.

—:o:—

SIGHT DRAFTS ON NEW YORK

Bought and Sold.

—:o:—

AGENT FOR THE

NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON Line Steamships Commander AND Starlight.

aug10-6m

THE UNION STORE,

(BUTCHLING'S OLD STAND.)

THE FINEST AND LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT IN TOWN NOW OPEN.

PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK, CONSISTING OF ALL KINDS OF

FANCY GOODS, SEGARS, TOBACCO AND PIPES.

—ALSO—

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

LADIES SHOES OF ALL DESCRIPTION,

AND OBLIGE YOUR OBEDIENT SERVANT,

P. THIM.

Raleigh, N. C., June 20, 1865-tf

WANTED TO NEGOTIATE A Loan of $2,500,

Or any part thereof.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY GIVEN.

Apply to T. C. CAMPBELL,
aug7-tf Home Intelligence Office.

LOST,

ON Saturday night, near the corner of Hargett and Wilmington streets, a small ACCOUNT BOOK, covered with black leather. There was some charges in the book. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the PROGRESS OFFICE.

aug15-1w

G. E. Lougee. G. E. Lougee.

Lougee & Brother,

(Successors to W. J. Lougee, Raleigh, N. C.,)

Dealers in Stoves, Hard and Hollow Ware, and Manufacturers of Copper, Sheet Iron and

TIN WARE.

WILL KEEP ON HAND EVERYTHING IN their line of business, and warrant every article of their make to be of lasting and comfortable materials.

HOUSE ROOFING AND REPAIRING executed with fidelity and despatch.

Trusting that they may retain the well-earned reputation of the old and popular establishment, of forty years standing, they respectfully solicit a continuance of that confidence and patronage.

ly 6-6m